## Article - Health - General

## [Previous][Next]

§10-624.

- (a) (1) A peace officer shall take an emergency evaluee to the nearest emergency facility if the peace officer has a petition under Part IV of this subtitle that:
  - (i) Has been endorsed by a court within the last 5 days; or
- (ii) Is signed and submitted by a physician, psychologist, clinical social worker, licensed clinical professional counselor, clinical nurse specialist in psychiatric and mental health nursing, psychiatric nurse practitioner, licensed clinical marriage and family therapist, health officer or designee of a health officer, or peace officer.
- (2) After a peace officer takes the emergency evaluee to an emergency facility, the peace officer need not stay unless, because the emergency evaluee is violent, a physician asks the supervisor of the peace officer to have the peace officer stay.
- (3) A peace officer shall stay until the supervisor responds to the request for assistance. If the emergency evaluee is violent, the supervisor shall allow the peace officer to stay.
- (4) If a physician asks that a peace officer stay, a physician shall examine the emergency evaluee as promptly as possible.
- (b) (1) If the petition is executed properly, the emergency facility shall accept the emergency evaluee.
- (2) Within 6 hours after an emergency evaluee is brought to an emergency facility, a physician shall examine the emergency evaluee, to determine whether the emergency evaluee meets the requirements for involuntary admission.
- (3) Promptly after the examination, the emergency evaluee shall be released unless the emergency evaluee:
  - (i) Asks for voluntary admission; or
  - (ii) Meets the requirements for involuntary admission.

 $\,$  (4)  $\,$  An emergency evaluee may not be kept at an emergency facility for more than 30 hours.

[Previous][Next]